



Metal Roof AG Panel Installlation Book

MANUFACTURERS OF METAL ROOFING & SIDING (636) 744-0022



10 Progress Parkway, Union, Mo.

636.744.0022

townandcountrymetals.com





"Nationwide supplier of quality metal roofing."





IMPORTANT NOTICE

This manual contains suggestions and guidelines on how to install Town & Country Metals panels and trim details. The contents of this manual include the guidelines that were in effect at the time this publication was originally printed. In an effort to keep pace with the ever-changing code environment, Town & Country Metals retains the right to change specifications and / or designs at any time without incurring any obligations. To insure you have the latest information available, please inquire or visit our web site. Application and design details are for illustrative purposes only and may not be appropriate for all environmental conditions and/or building designs. Projects should be engineered and installed to conform to applicable building codes, regulations, and accepted industry practices.



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Introduction

The AG-Rib® panel is an industry leader in strength and durability. This popular and versatile panel features classic looks and is used in a wide range of applications including residential, commercial, and post-frame buildings. AG-Rib® was designed with strong trapezoidal ribs to increase strength and ease handling and installation. In addition, the anti-siphoning channel on the under-lap provides extra leak resistance in the presence of extreme wind and rain loads.

AG-Rib® is available in many different paint colors and in both 26 and 29 gauge steel. It is also available in unpainted Galvalume® or in some cases unpainted galvanized. Our paint system and Galvalume® substrate are individually covered by a limited warranty. Please see our color chart for details on our paint system.

The AG-Rib® panel is available in 36" coverage. The panel has five major support ribs at 34" high that add rigidity and strength to the panel.

AG-Rib® is Metal Construction Association certified. Below is a list of all of the AG-Rib® panels approvals and certifications.

- UL 790 Fire Resistance Class A
- UL 2218 Impact Resistance Class 4
- UL 580 Uplift UL Class 90 CONSTRUCTION #584

Allowable Uniform Loads Per Square Foot

		LI	.OAD	(PSF)	WIND LOAD (PSF)						
SPAN (INCHES	18"	24"	30"	36"	48"	54"	18"	24"	30"	36"	48"	54"
29 Gauge	199	112	71	49	28	22	211	118	76	52	29	23
26 Gauge	268	150	96	67	37	29	276	155	99	69	38	30

NOTES:

- 1. Theoretical allowable loads are based on section properties and allowables calculated in accordance with 2001 AISI Specifications. 2. Theoretical allowable loads are based on three or more uniform spans.
- 3. For roof panels, deduct self weight for actual 'live load' capacity of the panel.
- 4. These loads are for panel strength. Frames, purlins, decks and fasteners must be designed to resist all loads imposed on the panel.
- 5. Check local building codes if panel testing is required.



Panel Installation Guide

Storage

If metal is not to be used immediately, store inside in a well ventilated, dry location. Condensation or other moisture can form between the sheets during storage causing water stains or white rust which detract from the appearance of the product and may affect the product's useful life. Trapped moisture between sheets of painted metal can cause white rust to form underneath the paint. This can cause the paint to flake off the panel immediately or several years later. To prevent white rust and staining, break the shipping bands on the material. Store the material on end or on an incline of at least 8" with a supporting board underneath to prevent sagging. Fan the sheets slightly at the bottom to allow for air circulation. Keep the sheets off of the ground with an insulator such as wood. Any outdoor storage is at the customer's own risk. If outdoor storage cannot be avoided, protect the metal using a canvas cover or waterproof paper. Never cover the metal with plastic as this will cause condensation to form.

Some Safety Precautions

Always wear protective gloves when working with steel panels to avoid cuts from sharp edges. When cutting or drilling steel panels, always wear safety glasses and sweep off any metal shavings immediately to prevent eye injury from flying metal fragments. If you must walk on a metal roof, take great care. Metal panels can become slippery, so always wear shoes with non-slip soles. Avoid working on metal roofs during wet conditions when the panels can become extremely slippery.

General Installation Information

Insure that the structure is square and true before beginning panel installation. If the structure is not square, the panels will not properly seal at the sidelaps. Start the first panel square to eave by using the 3, 4, 5 Triangle Method. Green or damp lumber is not recommended. Moisture released from the damp lumber may damage the metal panels. Nails installed in green or damp lumber may back out. Remove any loose metal shavings left on the roof surface immediately to prevent corrosion. After installing roof, remove any debris such as leaves or dirt to prevent moisture from getting trapped on panels.

<u>Fastening</u>

If you wish to predrill fastener holes, use a cover sheet to prevent hot shavings from sticking to panels. Screws - For best results, use a 1-1/2" washered wood screw in the flat of the panel as shown in the illustration below. Drive the fastener so that the washer is compressed securely against the metal. Do not over drive the fastener as this will form a dimple that can collect water and cause leakage. Do not leave any loose fasteners that have missed the purlin. Use a #14 stitch screw or caulk to fill the hole.

Figure #1 - Fastening Patterns for Tuff-Rib®

RECOMMENDED FASTENING PATTERN FOR 11/2"SCREWS

SCREWFASTENERS-EAVE, RIDGE, & ENDLAPS

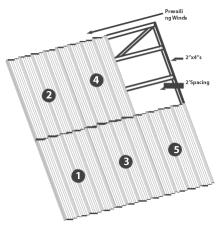
SCREWFASTENERS-INTERMEDIATESUPPORTS



Roofing

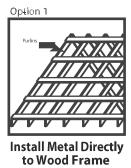
Slopes of less than 2.5" on 12" are not recommended. For slopes of 2.5" on 12" or greater, end lap panels 6". Side laps should face away from the prevailing wind. Lay the first sheet along the eave at the down-wind side of the roof, farthest away from the direction of the prevailing winds (See Figure #4). Install sheets in the sequence shown in Figure #4.

Figure #4

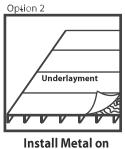


Maximum Purlin Spacing for Roof 2' on Center

Figure #5 - Installation Options

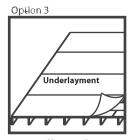


- Use Maximum 2' Purlin Spacing
- Install Metal
- *NOT RECOMMENDED FOR HEATED SPACESUNLESSINSULATION ANDVAPOR BARRIER PROTECTION IS USED



Install Metal on Solid Deck

- Lay Plywood Deck
- Apply Synthetic
 Underlayment or other Vapor
 Barrier Protection
- Install Metal



Install Metal Over Existing Shingles

- Apply Synthetic
 Underlayment or other
 Vapor Barrier Protection
- Install Metal

Allow an overhang a minimum of 1" at the eave to provide for a drip edge. Use inside closure at eave to prevent water infiltration, insect or bird infestation at openings. To protect against uplifting winds and to provide a finished appearance, apply gable trim. Apply fasteners every 6"-10". Optionally apply butyl tape as shown in Figure #6 along the top of lap ribs. Do not block the siphon channel with the tape. Also an option: apply a 3/4" or 7/8" lap stitch screw into the crown of the rib to secure the side lap. This is especially a good idea on roofs with a slope less than 4:12.

Figure #6 - Proper Application of Side Lap Butyl Tape



Allowable Uniform Loads Per Square Foot

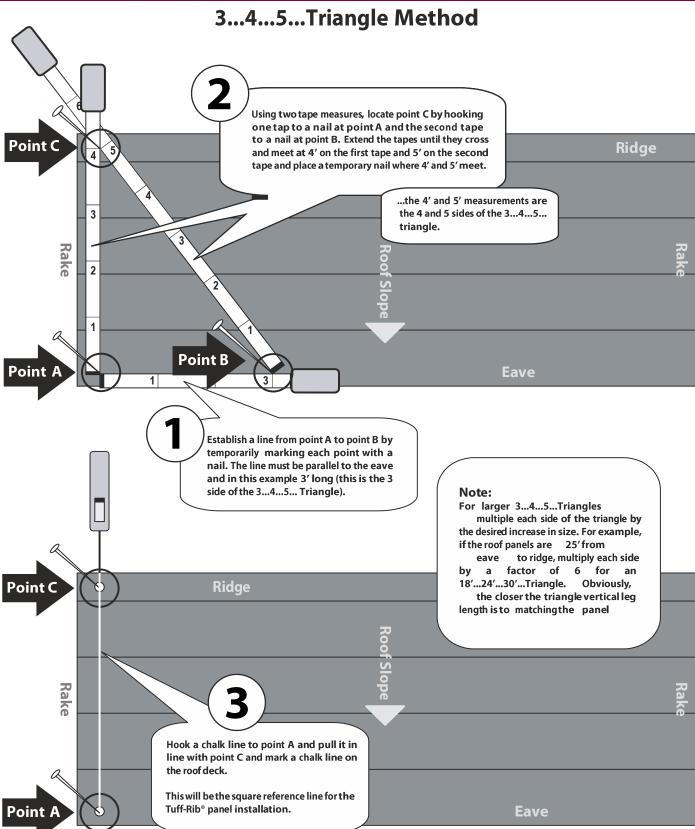
				LI	VE L	.OAD	(PSF)	WIND LOAD (PSF)					
S	PAN	(INCHES)	18"	24"	30"	36"	48"	54"	18"	24"	30"	36"	48"	54"
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- 3. For roof panels, deduct self weight for actual 'live load' capacity of the panel.
- 4. These loads are for panel strength. Frames, purlins, decks and fasteners must be designed to resist all loads imposed on the panel.
- 5. Check local building codes if panel testing is required.

^{*} Proper ventilation and vapor barrier protection recommended for heated spaces





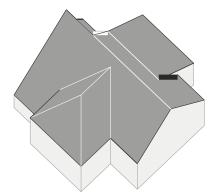


3...4...5...Triangle Method Mark chalk lines parallel with the square reference line out ahead of panel installation so that panel square can be checked as the panels are installed. Suggested line spacing is one foot beyond 3 panels Ridge wide or about 10 feet. 4 6 9 10 Square Reference L 1 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 **4**0 Check for square by measuring the distance from the installed panel edge to the chalk line at both the eave and ridge. If the measurements match, then the installed panels are square, if not, adjustments must be made to Ridge bring the panels back into square. 1 2 Eave



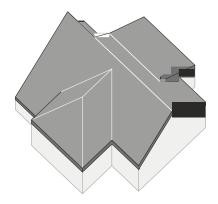
Installation Sequence

The following is an example of a typical sequence for the installation of Tuff-Rib® panels and trims and is specific to the roof plan and conditions illustrated. The actual sequence may vary based on the specific roof plan and applicable conditions.



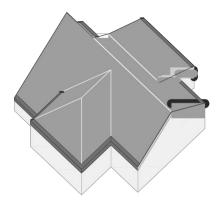
1. Moisture Barrier

Install the Moisture Barrier per the manufacturer's



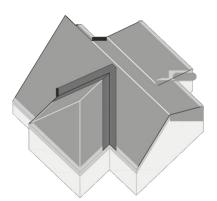
2. Fascia Trim (optional)

Install the FasciaTrim along all eaves and rakes.



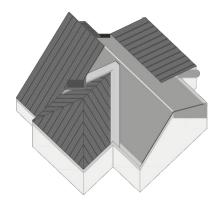
3. Eave Trim

Install the EaveTrim along all eaves lapping over the FasciaTrim.



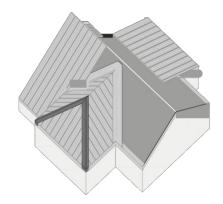
4. Valley Trim

Install the Valley Trim over the Eave Trim working from the eave to the valley peak.



5. Tuff-Rib® Panels

Install the panels over the Eave and Valley Trims. Do not install panels where the Ridge Trim laps under the panels.

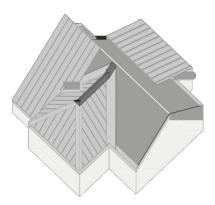


6. Hip Trim

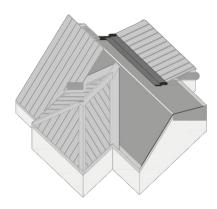
Install the HipTrim over the panels.



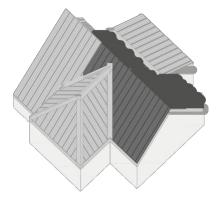
Installation Sequence



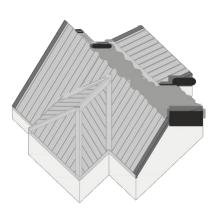
7. Ridge Trim
Install the Ridge Trim over the Hip Trim
intersection and valley peak.



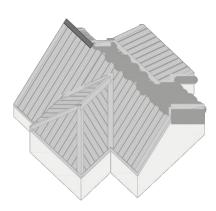
8. Transition Trim
Install the Transition Trim over the low slope panels and moisture barrier.



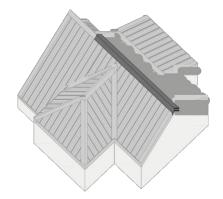
9. Tuff-Rib® Panels Complete the panel installation installing the high slop panels over the Trim Transition and the other remaining exposed locations.



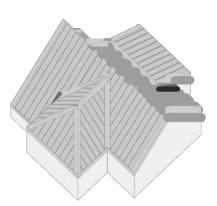
10. Gable / Rake Trim
Install the Rake Trim over the panels along
all rake (gable) edges.



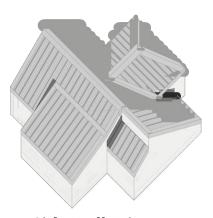
11. High Side Peak Trim
Install the High Side Peak Trim over the panels.



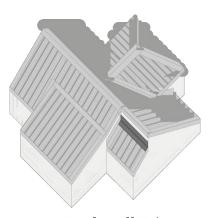
12. Ridge Trim
Install the Ridge Trim over the panels.



13. Side Wall Trim
Install the Side Wall Trim over the panels.



14. Side Wall Trim (Rear View)
Install the Side Wall Trim over the panels.

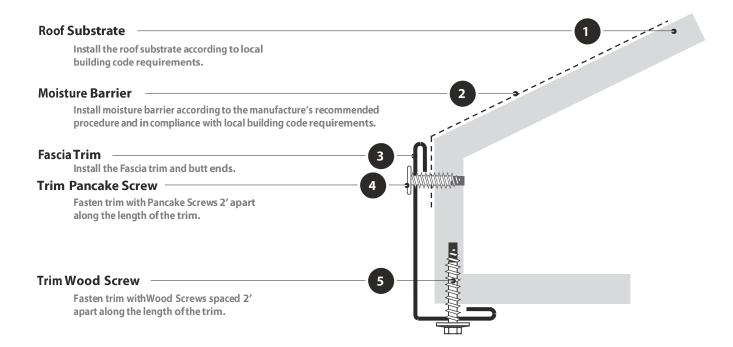


15. End Wall Trim Install the End Wall Trim over the panels.



Fascia

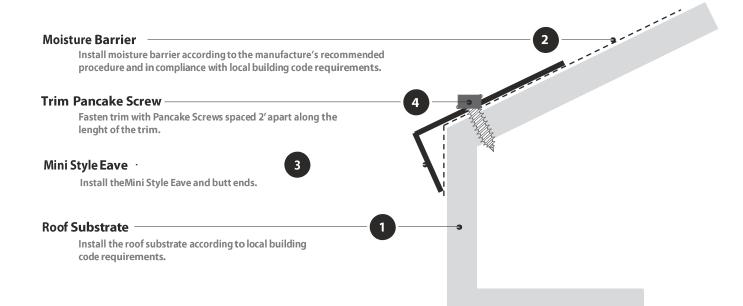


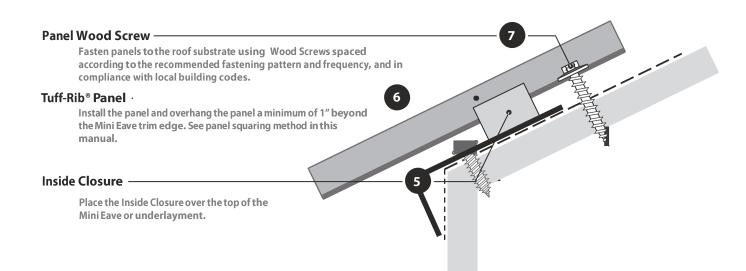




Mini Eave

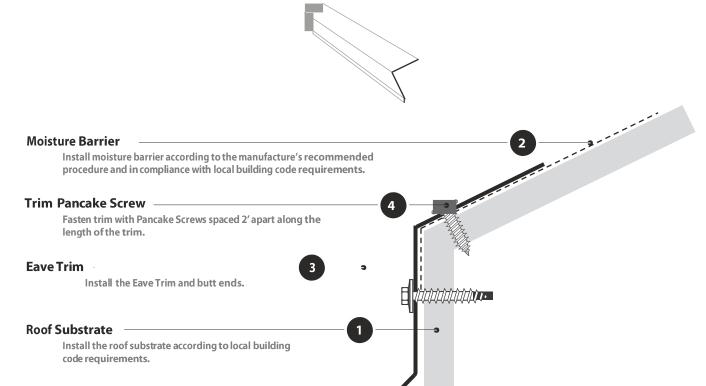


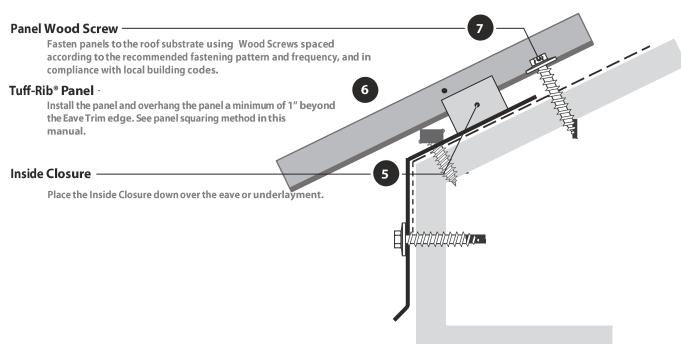






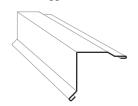
Eave Trim

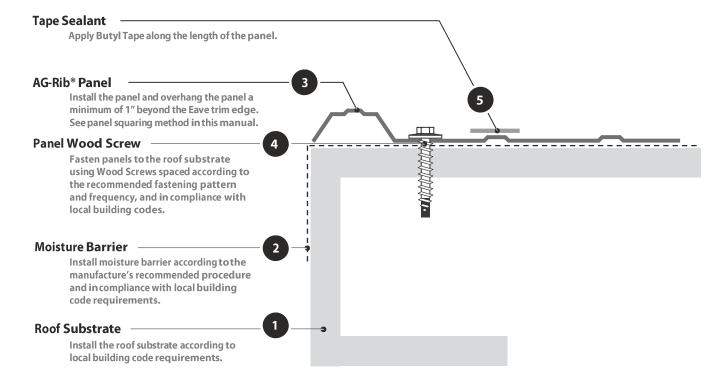


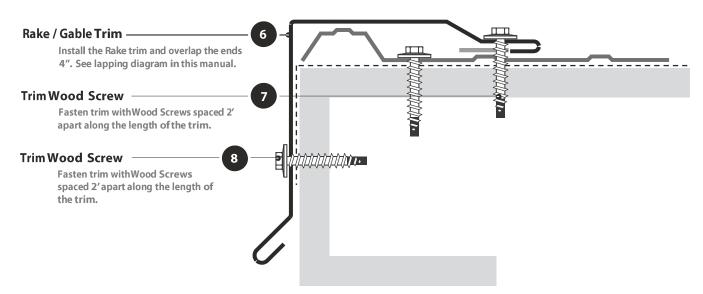




Rake / Gable



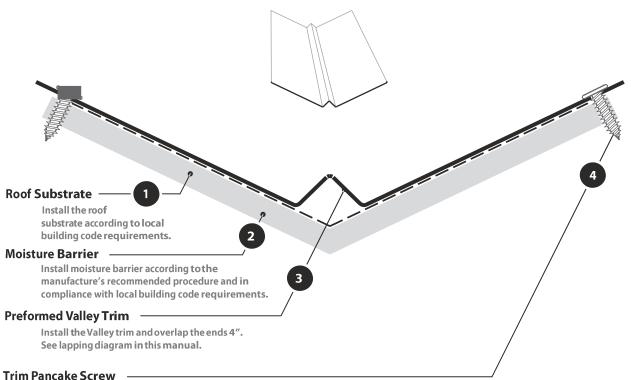




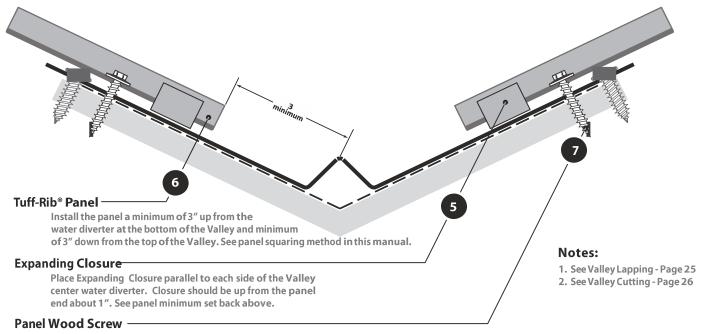


Preformed Valley

Numbers indicate suggested trim assembly sequence.



Fasten trim with Pancake Screws spaced 2' apart along the length of the trim. See lapping diagram fastener pattern in this manual.

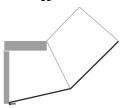


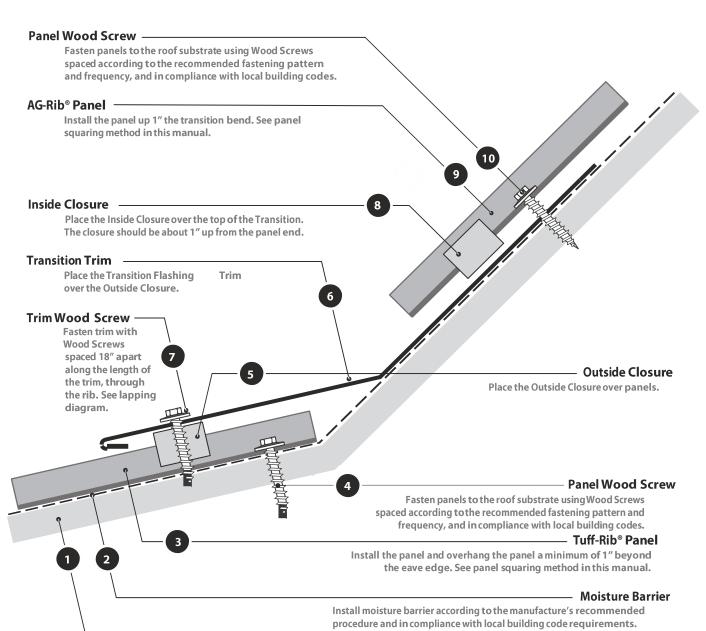
Fasten panels to the roof substrate using Wood Screws spaced according to the recommended fastening pattern and frequency, and in compliance with local building codes.



Transition / Pitch Break

Numbers indicate suggested trim assembly sequence.





Install the roof substrate according to local building code requirements.

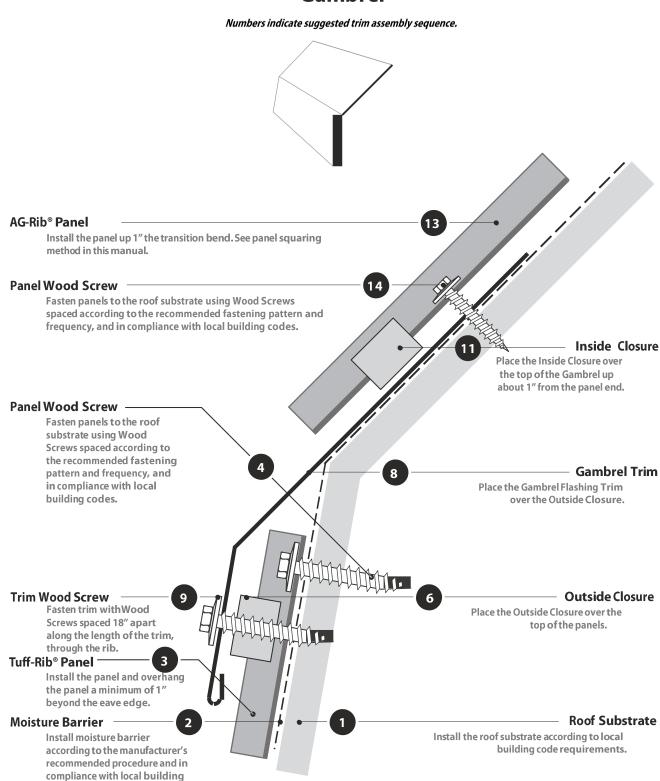
Roof Substrate



code requirements.

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Gambrel





Hip





Panel Wood Screw

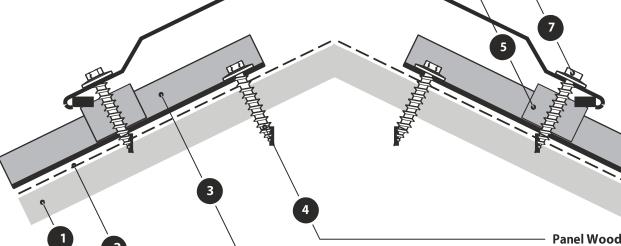
Fasten trim with Wood Screws spaced 18" apart along the length of the trim, through the rib. See lapping diagram fastener pattern in this manual.

Hip Trim

Place the Hip Trim over the Expanding Closure

Expanding Closure -

Place Expanding closure parallel to each side of the hip center line so that hip fastener penetrates the center of the closure. Closure should be up from the panel end about 1".



Panel Wood Screw

Fasten panels to the roof substrate using Wood Screws spaced according to the recommended fastening pattern and frequency, and in compliance with local building codes.

Tuff-Rib® Panel

Install the panel and overhang the panel a minimum of 1" beyond the eave edge. See panel squaring method in this manual.

- Moisture Barrier

Install moisture barrier according to the manufacture's recommended procedure and in compliance with local building code requirements.

Roof Substrate

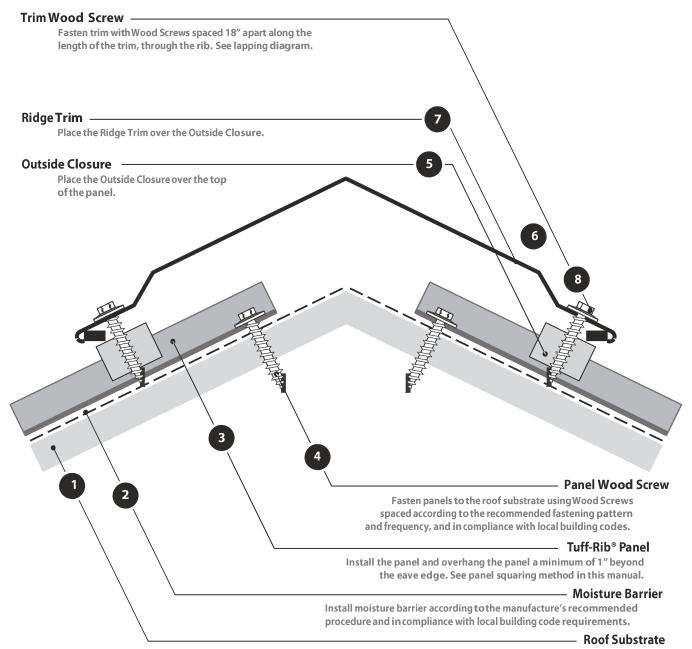
Install the roof substrate according to local building code requirements.



Ridge

Numbers indicate suggested trim assembly sequence.





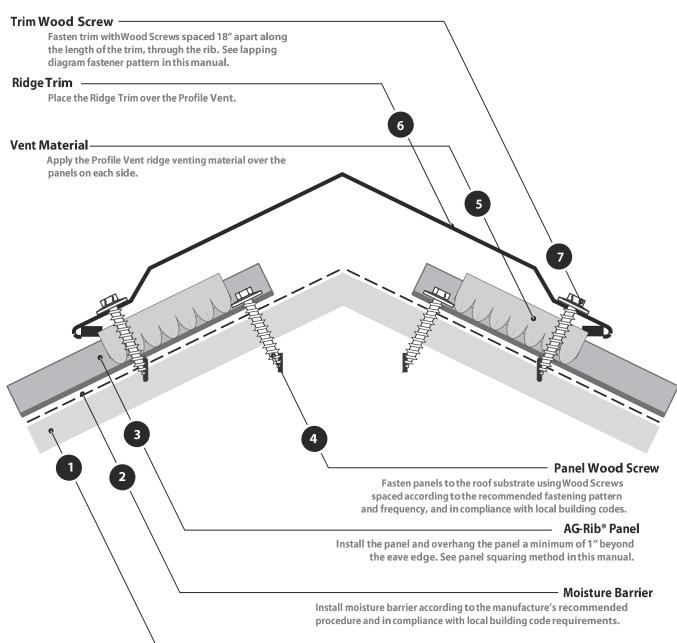
Install the roof substrate according to local building code requirements.



Vented Ridge

Numbers indicate suggested trim assembly sequence.





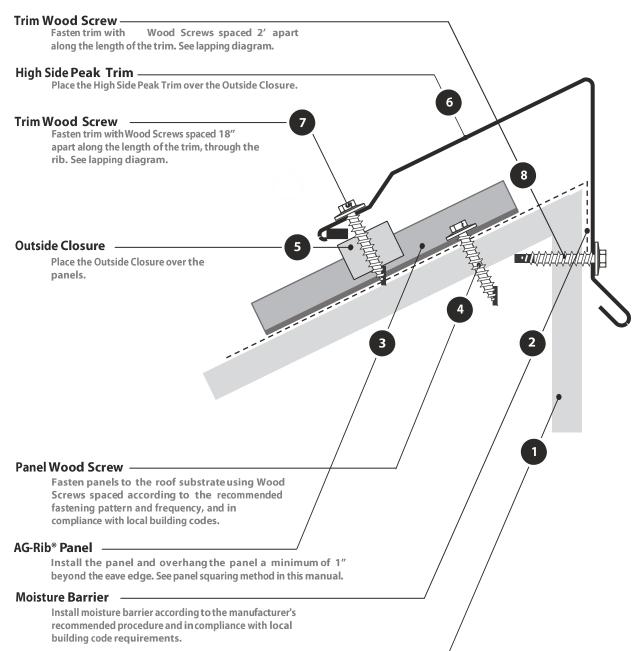
Roof Substrate



High Side Peak

Numbers indicate suggested trim assembly sequence.





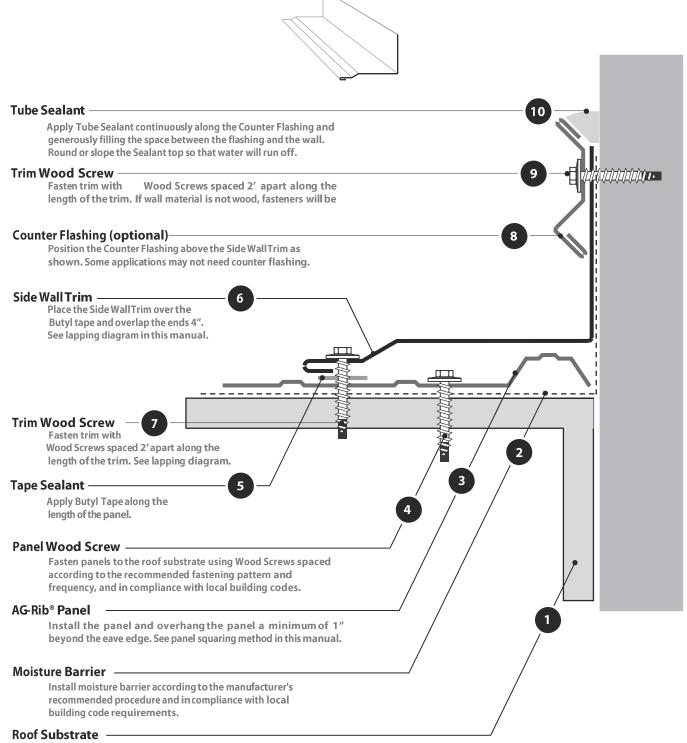
Install the roof substrate according to local building code requirements.

Roof Substrate -



Side Wall

Numbers indicate suggested trim assembly sequence.

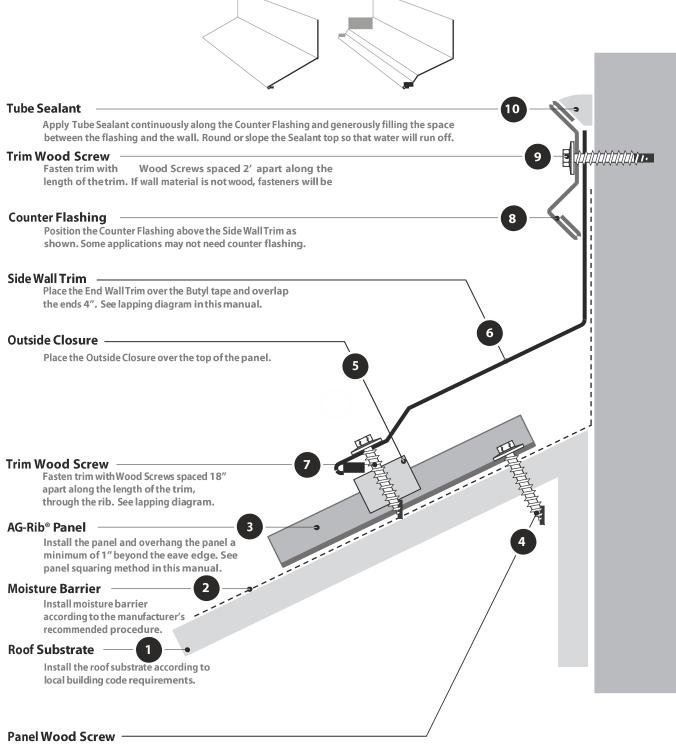


Install the roof substrate according to local building code requirements.



End Wall

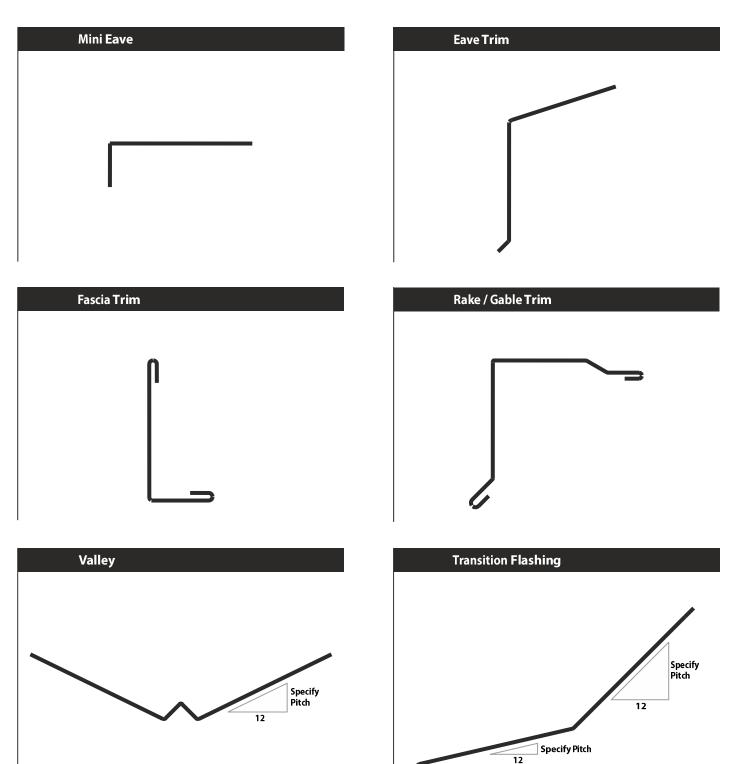
Numbers indicate suggested trim assembly sequence.



Fasten panels to the roof substrate using Wood Screws spaced according to the recommended fastening pattern and frequency, and in compliance with local building codes.

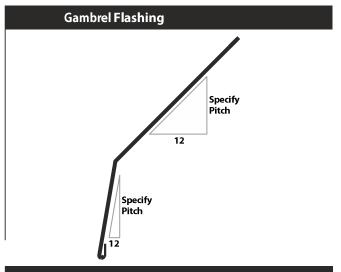


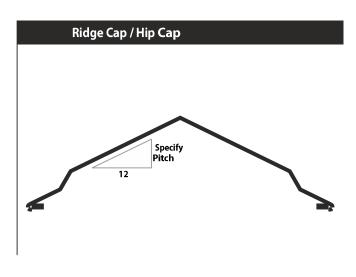
Trims (Exact trims vary by plant, please call for exact dimensions)

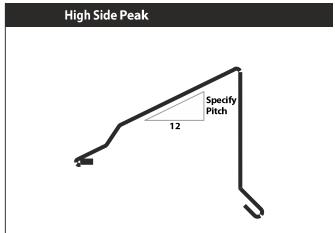


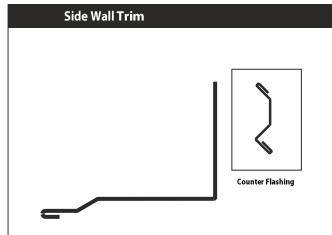


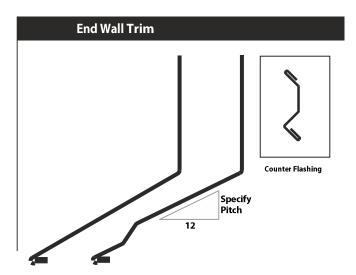
Trims (Exact trims vary by plant, please call for exact dimensions)













Accessories & Tools



Foam Closures
Fill In Upper And
Lower Panel Ends



Expanding Closures
Expands To Fill Ends
At Hips & Valleys



Profile Ridge Vent Allows Hot Air To Vent From Ridges



Fasteners Screws,
Pop Rivets,
Pancake Screws



Tube & Butyl Sealant
To Meet All Your
Sealing Needs



Pipe Boots Flashes Pipes Electric Boots Available



TurboShear HD Shear Attachment for Power Drill



Long Nose Snips
Great for
Cutting Panels



Rubber Coated Gloves For Protection & Slip Resistance



Drivers & Drill Bits



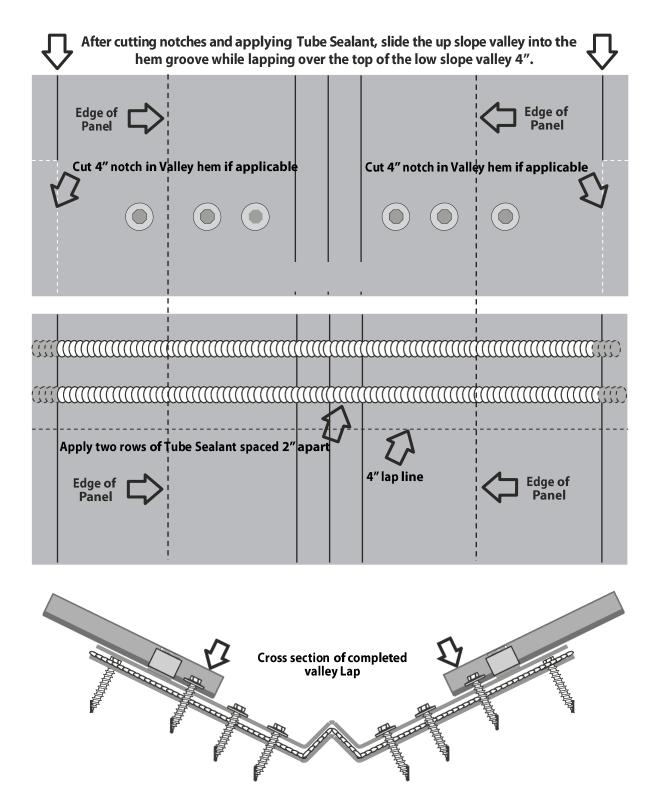
Hemming, Bending, & Turn Up Tools



Pop Rivet Gun



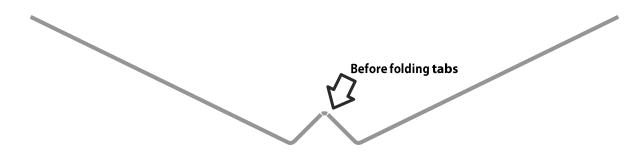
Valley Lapping

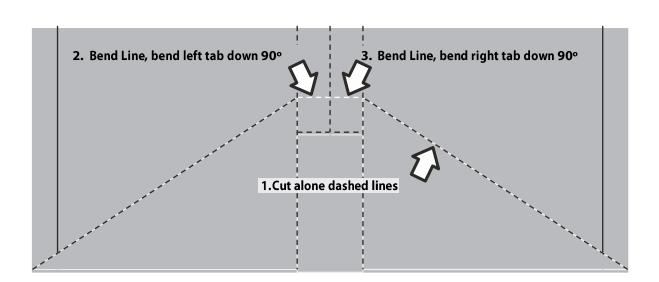


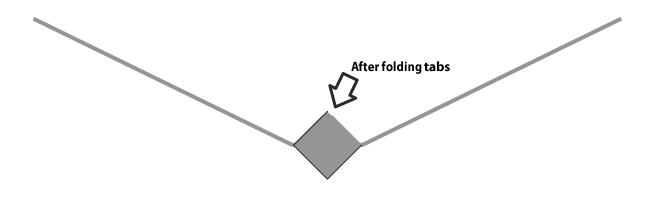


Valley Cutting

Valley starter cutting diagram with water diverter tabs.









Pipe Flashing

